#### **Admin Access**

To access administration you need Admin permissions. From the main **Menu**: click on "**Admin**" or "**Admin**" > "**Admin**" Home". You can also use the quick access a "Home" icon from the Module QuickAdmin module (located on top right by default).

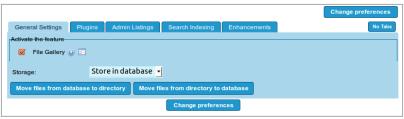
#### **Activate the Feature**

The feature is activated by default on new install. If not, activate it on the "Features" admin panel.

## File Galleries



From the main "Admin" panel, click the  $File\ Galleries$  icon to display its settings panel, the top of which appears like so (with "Basic" preference filter) in Tiki 12.x:



Click to expand

To see some advanced settings select the "Advanced" checkbox on top in the preferences filter. Then you can select the home file gallery, the comment settings for file galleries and if rankings/comments are used or not for file galleries, etc.

There's an important setting for the file galleries: the storage strategy for files. You can choose one of two options to store file gallery files:

- Store files in the database
- · Store files in a directory

The differences and settings needed for each option are explained below:

#### Storing files in the database

If you decide to store files in the database then each file data will be stored in a database table (field). This has the following advantages and disadvantages:

- You don't need to configure anything else.
- You may have problems if you plan to store large files
- The database can grow a lot making it more difficult to make backups/dumps

## Storing files in a directory

If you decide to store files in a directory you must indicate the path to a directory where you will store files. The directory can be absolute or relative to the Tiki directory for example:

files/

/var/www/tiki/files/

/home/tiki/files/

files/uploads/

It is recommended to store your files in a non-web accessible directory. Thus, even by guessing the file hash (a long code), it's not possible to access the file without going via Tiki, and the relevant group / permission mechanisms.

Storing files in a directory has the following advantages and disadvantages

- You must configure properly a directory to store files (chmod 777 for folders/directories, chmod 644 for files. Otherwise you will get error like "I/O error", "server error" or "error 401")
- You can upload files of any size (if you have space)

You must ensure that:

- The configured directory exists and PHP (Apache) can read/write in it
- For security, only Tiki can read or access the contents of that directory. Do that with one of the two following options.
  - Use a directory outside the webserver DocumentRoot (so the users won't be able to list the directory)
  - Use a directory inside the DocumentRoot (relative to the Tiki dir for example) and prevent listing the directory using a .htaccess file or other configuration depending on your webserver.

You may need to ask your ISP/hosting service for an upload strategy and instructions if the ISP/hosting allows uploads (some PHP's have file uploads disabled for unknown reasons, maybe to prevent disk space consuming). Since Tiki can be configured to store fles on the database or a directory if there's a way to handle uploads then Tiki can use it  $\square$  choose the strategy that is

best for you.		
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#### Move files between them

Since Tiki5 (and backported to Tiki4.2) you can move the file in the database to the file system and the other way round, which is very helpful when migrating a tiki from one hosting to another one, for instance.

## Quota

tw >=4

It is possible to limit the volume that is uploaded to all the file galleries or a specific file gallery. A quota to a file gallery applies to this file gallery and all the file galleries under it.

As soon as the limit is reached no other files can be uploaded. The user will see an error message that the quota is reached. A mail can be sent via the Mail notifications feature.

### **Backlinks**

tw >= 5

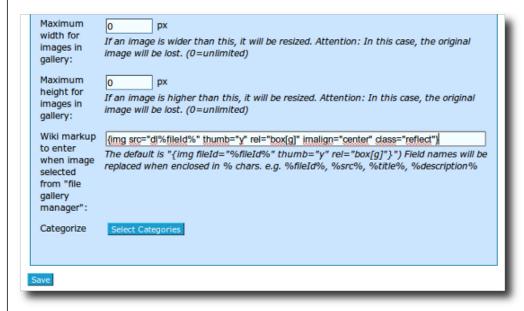
The objects where a file is used (through the plugin IMG, FILE, link containing tiki-download\_file.php , dl, preview, thumbnail, thumb, display) are collected. Be careful, the list may be incomplete (For instance, reference to a file in the layout is not collected).

When you want to delete a file, a warning is posted if the file is still in use.

If you check in 'edit->file gallery' 'Perms of the backlinks are checked to view a file', the permission checking will be changed. If you see on object that uses a file located in a gallery you can not see, you will be able to see the file. You will be able to download a file that is used in at least one object you can see.

# **Parameters for images**

Since Tiki6, there are a few parameters related to set the maximum size for width and height of images once uploaded to that file gallery, as well as the default syntax to be added in the wiki page (or any other textarea) when the user selects an image from a file gallery through the image buttons in the toolbar at the wiki edit page.



Click to enlarge

## Filtering file uploads

You can set up filters for filenames so filenames will be checked and maybe rejected depending on their filenames. Filters are regular expressions perl-like without the // delimiters.

Filename must match		
A regular expression that must be matched to accept the file example [A-Za-z]* (filename can only have a-z letters)		
For example, if you want to require that uploads must have a wordprocessing file extension, you could enter .*\.(odt sxw doc dot rtf wpt frm wpd txt ODT SXW DOC DOT RTF WPT FRM WPD TXT)		
Filename must not match		
A regular expression that if matched rejects the file, example \.gif (rejects gif images note that the period must be escaped since we are using regular expressions) If you don't know anything about regular expressions just leave the fields blank and a the files will be accepted.		
File galleries search indexing		
Please see Search within files		

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# **Automatic deletion of old files**

tw > = 5.0

If you check this feature, the user will be able to say after how much time his file can be deleted automatically after the last file update

When the file will be deleted a mail to emails will be automatically sent with the deleted file attached. The emails are comma sperated email.

in order to have this feature working you must step up a cron job.

Create a file like that in Tiki root: